Fremont Daily Journal.

SATURDAY, JUNE 10, 1861.

ISAAC M. KEELER, EDITOR.

Lieut's Dickinson and Fouke are rapidly obtaining the requisite number of men for their companies. A few additional men are wanted.

Independent Guards, Attention.
The following order of election for this Com-

pany has been received from Columbus: HEAD QUARTERS O. M. & V. M. ADG'T. GEN. OFFICE. | COLUMNUS, O., June 5th, 1861.

Head Quarters O. M. & V. M. And T. Gez. Orrice. Collegents, O., June &th., 1881. }

The qualified electors of this Company at Fremont, O., Militia of the Reserve, will meet at its armory (Court House) on the 15th day of June, A. D., 1861, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m, and 3 o'clock p. m., and then and there proceed to elect by ballot, the following officers: One Captain, one First Lieutenant and one Second Lieutenant.

The election will be conducted in accordance with the provisions of the Act of March 28th, 1857, except as modified by General Order No. 17, which substitutes 3 days for 10 days public notice, and all poll books will be returned to General Head Quarters at the end of two days after they are made up and sealed.

By order of

H. C. CARRINGTON, Adj't Gen.
Geo. S. Mygart, Ass't Ad't Gen.

Last Night's Despatches.

Washington, June 9.—When our troops move on Mannassas they will be 35,000 strong. Gen. Patterson will have an equal number when he

Patterson will have an equal number when he crosses the Potomac.

Two captured secessionists say there is no formidable force at Fairfax.

A Government special agent from Frederick says it is still the prevailing opinion that Harper's Ferry will be evacuated on the sproach of the Federal troops.

Apprehension is still felt that the rebels may move down the Railroad and Potomac, and siden by another revolt in Baltimore and disunionists of Maryland, attack Washington on the Maryland side while Davis advances from Mannassas.

There are still numbers of spics in Washington.

There are still numbers of spies in Washing-

ton, many of them women,
It is said there are some 600 fugitives at For-tress Monroe now. 12,000 United States troops

there.
A rebel camp has been established, 4,000 strong, a few miles this side of Acquia creek. The reported raising of the Merrimack at Norfolk disbelieved at Fortress Monroe.
The Rhode Island regiment leave to-morrow in the direction of Harper's Ferry.
Prof. Allen arrived here with a marnmoth Balloon, for reconcitering.
It is said several regiments are under orders to leave at day-break,
Hayerstown, Md. June 9.—Confederate pickets.

Hagerstown, Md. June 9—Confederate pickets are been seen on Williamsport heights.

Every ford is strictly guarded and every skiff broken along the Potomac. As soon as the river falls it can be easily forded.

It is rumored the bridges at Harper's Ferry and Shepardstown are ruined.

Baltimore, June 9.—The bridges at Point of Rocks and Berlin have been burned by the rebels.

Louisville, June 8.—The vote in Nashville for separation and representation, 3,033; against 249. Eleven other districts in this county give 2,398 for, and 88 against. Memphis, 5,608 for separation, 4 for representation and 5 for the Union. The interior, as far as heard from, is nearly unanimous for separation. The State is largely Secretical.

New York, June 9.—A refugee arrived from Norfolk, reports the Merrimack raised and on dry dock.

Washington, June 9.—The military movements from this point are of such a character as do not authorize publicity.

Fort Pickens Again Reinforced.

The Mobile Advertiser of June 1st says that "Fort Pickens and the Island were again reinferred a day or two ago, by some troope and marines from a large side-wheel steamer, one of those, doubtless, which recently sailed from the North for that purpose.

"The Federalists are reported active on Santa Ress. The troops are severely disciplined, and are evidently expecting warm work before long. They have nine companies of artillery, and a pilot taking a vessel over the bar recently, reparts assing them dashing in parade, unlimbering their pieces, &c. They have several sentinels riding up and down the Island frequently, who can be seen from the boats in the bay."

Written for the Fremont Journal. Our Country's Banner.

Wave on, thou bright Banner, thou Fing of the free Wave on o'er the land that is guarded by three. Thy stars are the lights that for ages have shows O'er mountain and valley; o'er temple and dome; Thy stripes are the blood that our Father's once gave To resent their children from tyrrany's grave. Wave on, blessed Emblem, thy colors unfeld, The leasts that adore thee are valiant and hold.

Float on, noble Standard, with pennants unfurled. The herald of joy and of peace to the world.

Long since has the captive by tyrants oppressed—
By rathless enthraldem crushed down to the dust— Looked up to thy colors and smiled as he thought Of the priceless deliv'rance thy triumph had bought. Oh! be not this hope removed from his eye, While a friend of our Banner stands ready to die.

In years that are past, our Fathers' delight Was to bear thee in pride from the midst of the fight. Was to bear thee in pride from the midst of the night. Their weapons were drawn and the victory gained. For the fate of our Flag their spirits sustained. With the track of their blood in the winter's deep snow They marched to the strife with the de-perate foe; And they look to us now from their homes in the sky To lift up our Banner—or nobly to dis.

Oh say? shall the Ranner bequeathed to our trust Be suffered in shame to trail in the dust? Shall a star of its glory depart from our view While mothers are sacred or sisters are true Forbidit | then God | Defender of Right | Oh, circle our land with Liberty's light, By the blood of our sires who gallantly fought May we cherish the prize their valor has bought.

Thou Flag of our country! the pride of the seas, Thy star-spangled giories andart to the breeze. Wave on o'er our land, henceforth evermore, O'er the homes of our birth and the hearts we adore. In God is our trust, and we swear to defend The Union we love,—to the bitterest end. Then wave, noble Standard, thy colors unfold, The hearts that adore thee are valiant and hold. New York, 289 Pearl street.

Loyal Americans Abroad.

Prominent American citizens abroad exhibit uncompromising devotion to the Union by acts as well as words. At a meeting in Paris on the 17th, 20,000f. were subscribed to the Union cause, and a committee was appointed to wait upon the Americans in Paris who were not present at the meeting. In a few days the sum was run up to over 45,000f.

Some £1,500 have been raised by Americans residing in Manchester and Liverpool, towards purchasing a battery of rifled can-non to be sent to America, for the use of the non to be sent to America, for the use of the Government in upholding the Stars and Stripes of the Union. Some of the cannon purchased by the Americans have been shipped, and the remainder will follow immediately. The Post's Paris letter says: "the special desire of the contributors is, that the cannon shall be placed, with all possible expedition, in a position where possible expedition, in a position where they can expunge from this earth those incarnate traitors, Jeff. Davis, Twiggs, and

The following extract has been furnished from the letter of a distinguished citizen of New York, at present sojourning in Paris, to a friend in New York city. The letter is dated May 17th.

"I am waiting for letters from Washington before deciding my course as to return-ing home at once. We have a goodly troop of Union-loving Americans here who are attending thoroughly to the movements of the traitor Commissioners who are now here trying to get France to acknowledge them. They are counted out, and France stands firm in her friendship for the loyal States. Colonel Fremont left us for London on Tuesday evening, hoping to get ready to leave by the steamer to-morrow for America. He leaves important private business to go home to offer his services to the government in support of the Stars and Stripes. Put bim at the head of an army of 100,000 men, and Jeff. Davis and scoun-drel crew will go up higher than old Ha-man did."

Saturday Night's Report.

(Special to the Post.)

Washington, June 8.—It is believed the attack of Federal forces on Harper's Ferry will not take place so soon as was expected, and some change will be made in the programme of military movements. There is great activity in the War Department in reference to Harper's Ferry, Mannassas Junction and Norfolk.

Gov. Letcher has ordered out the entire force of the Virginia militia in the vicinity of Harper's Ferry and Mannassas Junction.

Gen. Scott has fresh and accurate information as to numbers and movements of the rebels, and is preparing to meet the increased force of the stream.

enemy.

The steamer Mt. Vernon, from Fortress Mon-

roe, reports that the entire town of Evansport 11 miles this side of Acquis Creek is in flames. The property in the town is principally owned by Union men.

It is reported that fighting has commenced at Harper's Ferry. The report is undoubtedly false.

Earth works are being constructed to-day above Chain Bridge.

Special to Commercial.

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Gen. Cadwallader has been superceded by Gen. Cooper at Baltimore.

An armed steamer left this morning to see if troops could be landed near Acquia.

New York, June S.—The Commercial says. We are able to state on the highest authority, that the latest despatches from our agents in Europe are in the highest degree satisfactory.—Prussia has assured our Government that no rebellion against so mild and benificent a Government will receive any sanction whatever.

Austria gives equally warm assurances and determination to give no countenance to the rebels.

France is cordially with us in word and in

France is cordinary with deed, if we need it.

Despatches from Mr. Adams say the British government is now as well disposed toward us as we desire. The Ministry have given Mr. Adams a most friendly and cordial hearing, and rebellion will hereafter find no sympathy at the Court of St. James.

Court of St. James.

Milwaukee, June 8.—The first Wiscensie regiment, Col. Starkweather, has received marching orders to start at 10 o'clock on Sunday morning for Harrisburg. This regiment is composed of the best citizens, and is well disciplined

ed of the best citizens, and is well disciplined and well equipped.

Louisville, June 8.—Clarksville, Tenn.; vote for separation and representation 561, against 1.

Vote for separation unanimous in three precincts.

The New Orleans Picayune of the 5th, says that the American bark Alquiquin, from Calcutts and Bremen ship Vangogan from Liverpool were ordered off the bar by the Brooklyn.

Mallory, Secretary of Confederate Navy, left Pensacola on the thirtieth for Richmond.

At an interview between foreign Councils and

Pensacola on the thirtieth for Richmend.

At an interview between foreign Consuls and Capt. Poore, of the Brooklyn, the latter said no impediment would be offered to vessels outward bound, but he had no authority to extend time for the departure of vessels. Tow beats, towing vessels out would be allowed to reenter. Lebanon, Ky., June 7.—The Union Convention in the 5th district, nominated Charles A. Wickliffe for Congress.

Washington, June 8.—The name of Hon. Emmerson Etheridge, of Tenn., has been used in connection with the Clerkship of the House.—He assured Forney he was not a candidate, and will use his influence in Forney's favor.

Philadelphia, June 8.—Minister Dallas has arrived, and has had an interview with Secretary Seward. The latter expressed high gratification at his course.

at his course.

New Orleans, June 8.—Cotton nominal. Superfine flour \$8 per bbl.; Cern 80 cts.

Louisville, June 8. p. m.—River rising slow-ly. Seven feet of water in the canal; weather clear; moreoury 75.

Arlington Heights, June 8.—It is believed there has been a recent change in the position of the rebel troops. A large force has been concentrated at Mannassas Junction within a few days. The skirmish at Fairfax Court House was unfortunate, it having the effect to direct the attention of the rebels, causing large accessions to the force there. These changes will cause a delay in the movements of the Federal troops.

troops.
Communication between Alexandria and the rebel camps is still secretly carried en.

Martinsburg, June 8.—Gen. Johnson caused the Assecta bridge to be burned; also tried to destroy the ferry boat, but failed. It is evidently the object of the secessionists to destroy all ferrys, and guard all fords on the whole Potomae. River very full; cannot be easily crossed at meson.

Three hundred of the rebel troops opposite Williamsport, Md., have within a few days deserted, and others are expected to follow.